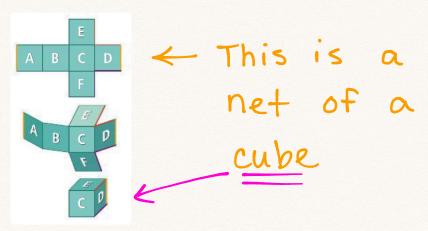
Nets and Drawings for Visualizing Geometry:

Goal: Learn how to represent a three-dimensional object with a two-dimensional figure using special drawing techniques.

- 1. Nets
- 2. Isometric Prawings
- 3. Orthographic Prawings

Nets

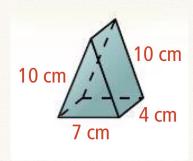
<u>Def</u>: A <u>net</u> is a two-dimensional diagram that you can fold to form a three dimensional figure. It shows all surfaces of a figure in one view.



EXI) Draw a net of the following rectangular prism and label all dimensions:



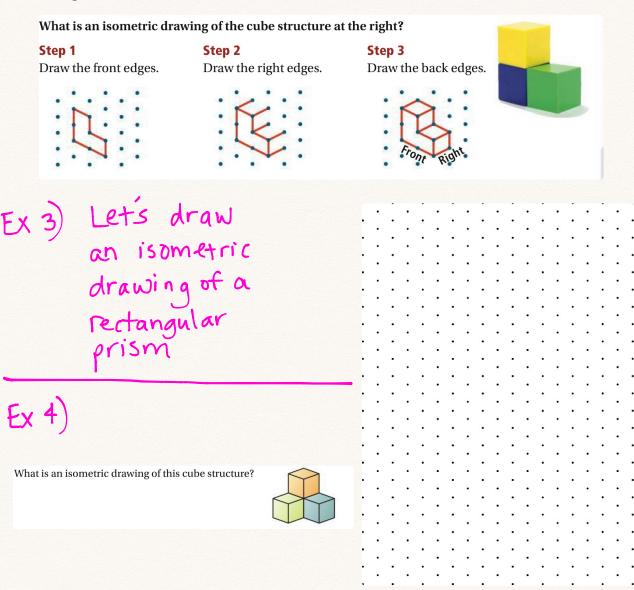
Ex2) Draw a net of the following triangular prism and label all dimensions:



Isometric Prawings

<u>Def</u>: An <u>isometric drawing</u> is a two-dimensional drawing that shows a corner view of a three-dimensional figure. It shows the top, front, and side of the figure.

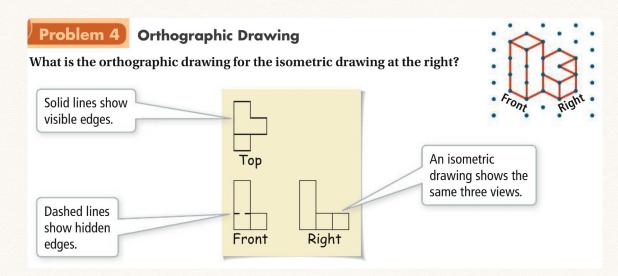
Isometric dot paper is helpful, but not necessary, to make isometric drawings.



Orthographic Drawings

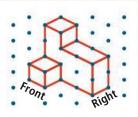
<u>Def</u>: An <u>orthographic drawing</u> is a two dimensional drawing that shows THREE SEPARATE VIEWS of a three-dimensional figure:

- top view
- front view
- right-side view





What is the orthographic drawing for this isometric drawing?



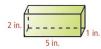
LESSON CHECK:



Lesson Check

Do you know HOW?

1. What is a net for the figure below? Label the net with its dimensions.



2. What is an isometric drawing of the cube structure?



3. What is the orthographic drawing of the isometric drawing at the right? Assume there are no hidden cubes.





6 4. Vocabulary Tell whether each drawing is isometric, orthographic, a net, or none.



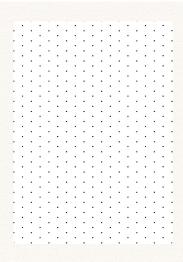








6 5. Compare and Contrast What are the differences and similarities between an isometric drawing and an orthographic drawing? Explain.



HOMEWORK:

P. 7-10 #6-11, 12-13, 16-17, 22, 24-28, 32, 35, 40

(19 PROBLEMS)